



**PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**  
**COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION**  
**FOR RECRUITMENT TO THE POSTS OF**  
**PROVINCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE, ETC -2021**  
**CASE NO. 3C2022**

**SUBJECT: PAKISTAN STUDIES**

**TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS**

**MAXIMUM MARKS: 100**

**NOTE:**

- i. All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
- ii. Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
- iii. No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- iv. Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

**NOTE:** **Attempt FIVE Questions in all including Question No. 8 which is Compulsory. Attempt in Urdu or English.**

- Q.No.1** Discuss the political ideology of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan towards the Indian National Congress with particular reference to his policy measures to counter the imminent danger of majority rule in India. **(20 Marks)**
- Q.No.2** Highlight the main problems in the industrial sector of Pakistan and also suggest the measures for its improvement. **(20 Marks)**
- Q.No.3** Through Allama Iqbal's writings and views of Quaid-e-Azam explain their conceptual understanding about the Islamic State. Do you agree that their vision found some place while explaining the constitutional development throughout the case of Pakistan's political history? **(20 Marks)**
- Q.No.4** The debacle of 1971 was more the result of Big Powers' leaning towards India rather than our domestic failures. Discuss the above statement by critically evaluating the Poland's resolution in the UN Security Council. **(20 Marks)**
- Q.No.5** Examine the Pakistan's relation with China in the context of CPEC. How is it going to be a game changer for the South Asian region? **(20 Marks)**
- Q.No.6** Economic development without social change generates alienation in the society. Discuss Pakistan's economic problems in Musharraf era, in the light of the above statement. **(20 Marks)**
- Q.No.7** **Write Short Notes on any TWO of the following:** **(10+10=20 Marks)**  
a. Energy crisis in Pakistan.  
b. Kashmir Conflict.  
c. National Security Challenges of Pakistan
- Q.No.8** **Fill in the Blanks:** **(2 X 10=20 Marks)**

1. Nadwatul-Ulama (Council of Muslim Theologians) was founded in the year \_\_\_\_\_ in the city \_\_\_\_\_ of India.
2. Pakistan tested the nuclear device on \_\_\_\_\_ in the district \_\_\_\_\_ of Baluchistan.
3. Khanjrab Pass connects Pakistan with \_\_\_\_\_ while, Khyber Pass connects Pakistan with \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Chuadhary Rehmat Ali was a graduate of \_\_\_\_\_ College Lahore, which was established in \_\_\_\_\_.
5. Major Tufail Muhammad was cited with Nishan-i-Haider for his undaunted valor in one of the skirmishes took place in \_\_\_\_\_ in the year \_\_\_\_\_.
6. NCOC was formed in \_\_\_\_\_ in order to combat \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Sindh Madrassa-tul-Islam was founded in the year \_\_\_\_\_ in city of \_\_\_\_\_.
8. The Simla Agreement between India and Pakistan was signed in the year \_\_\_\_\_ and at that time, the Prime Minister of India was \_\_\_\_\_.
9. Faraizi Movement was started by \_\_\_\_\_ in the province of \_\_\_\_\_.
10. The Indus Water Treaty was signed between India and Pakistan on \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_.