

PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

COMBINED COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO THE POSTS OF PROVINCIAL MANAGEMENT SERVICE -2020

SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY (PAPER-I)

TIME ALLOWED: TP	IKEE	HOURS
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MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

NOTE:

- All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
- ii. Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q. Paper.
- No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.

iv. Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.

Attempt FIVE Questions in all. Attempt in Urdu or English.

- Q.No.1 a) Define the Concentration, activity and activity coefficient
 - b) Discuss the importance of Gibbs free energy in chemistry
 - c) What is radioactivity and how it is measured?

(3+7+10=20)

(10+4+6=20)

(2+10+8=20)

- 0. No.2 a) Define the 1st law of thermodynamics and derive its mathematical expression
 - b) What is a nuclear reaction? Differentiate between fission and fusion reaction (10+10=20)
- Q. No.3 a) Define the equalent and molar conductance. How they are measured?
 - b) Differentiate between:
 - i. Potential and potential difference
 - ii. Normal hydrogen and glass electrode
 - c) What is pH and how it is measured?
- Q. No.4 a) Explain the relationship between free energy and equilibrium constant
 - b) How diammonium phosphate fertilizer is prepared?
 - c) How caustic soda is prepared and obtained in solid form? (5+5+10=20)
- Q. No.5 a) What are chelates? Draw structure of three chelate
 - b) What is the difference between VBT and CFT?

c) Define the transition elements, where they are found the periodic table and discuss their ionic configuration. (5+5+10=20)

- Q. No.6 a) Define hybrid orbital, bond order and metallic bond
 - b) What is molecular orbital theory?
 - c) Differentiate between ionic and covalent bonds

 d) Draw the molecular orbital diagram of O₂ molecule and discuss its paramagnetic nature. Also discuss the non-existence of helium molecule on the basis of Molecular Orbital Theory. (3+3+4+10=20)

- Q. No.7 a) Define eigen function and eigen value
 - b) Derive schrodinger wave function and discuss its physical significance.
 - c) Explain the Tunnel Effect
- Q. No.8 a) Explain briefly the advantages and disadvantages of supplying sewerage and sludge to the agriculture soil

 b) State and explain the Deby-Huckel theory. How it can be applied to the strong electrolyte (10+10=20)



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MAXIMUM MARKS: 100

SUBJECT: CHEMISTRY (PAPER-II)

TIME ALLOWED:

NOTE:

THREE HOURS

i. All	the parts (if any) of each Question	must be attempted at o	one place instead of	at different	
ii. Wr	rite Q. No. in the Answer Book in acc	ordance with Q. No. in th	ne Q. Paper.		
iii. No	Page/Space be left blank between t	he answers. All the blank	c pages of Answer Bo	ook must be	
iv. Ex	tra attempt of any question or any pa	art of the question will no	ot be considered.		
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	Attempt FIVE Questions i	n all. Attempt in U	rdu or English.		
Q.No.1	(a) Illustrate the difference b	between the following	with example:	(4+5=9)	
	i. Tautomerism and Steric Effect	: «E Company alterna			
	II. Centre of Symmetry and Axis	or Symmetry	CH-COOH2	(5)	
	(b) Why CICH2COOH and HCOOP	fact makes the ortho ar	d para positions of	(3+3=6)	
	i) Phenol as nucleophilic center	and	la para posiciono or	(0.0.0)	
	ii) Nitrobenzene as electrophilic o	center			
0 No.2:	(a) How will you synthesize	Aldehyde starting from	n: (3	3x3=9)	
£	i) Acid Chloride	ii) Phenol	iii) Tolu	lene	
	(b) Discuss the mechanism of fo	llowing reactions:	(4+3	=7)	
	i) Aldol Condensation ii) Reimer-Tiemann Reaction.				
	(c) What is the role of Tollen's re	eagent and Fehling's solu	ition for the oxidatio	n of	
	aldehydes, but not for ketones	?		(4)	
Q No.3:	(a) Describe the main compon	ents and their role in	a simple double b	eam IR	
1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	Spectrophotometer.			(9)	
	(b) Elaborate the principle of Raman Spectroscopy and how this spectroscopy is more				
	advantageous over IR Spectroscopy?			(4+2=6)	
	(c) Write a brief note on application	ons of UV/VIS Spectrosco	opy.	(5)	
O No.4:	(a) Starting from Benzene, how will you prepare the following: (3+4+4+4=15)				
£	i) Benzoic acid ii) 2,5-Cyclohexadiene-1-carboxylic acid				
	iii) t-Butyl benzene	iv) Benzo trichloride		Patrick	
	(b) Discuss orientation in substitu	ted Naphthalene		(5)	
O No.5:	(a) Explain any four methods for the resolution of a racemic mixture. (8)				
	(b) Define the following terms:		(6	x2=12)	
	i) Steroids	ii) PCR	iii) Epimerization		
	iv) Oligosaccharides	v) Composites	vi) Vulcanization		
Q No.6:	(a) What are Vitamins? How are they classified? Discuss the role of various vitaming				
•	in human body.		(2+	2+5=9)	
	(b) State applications of Column c		(3)		
	(c) What are the differences between	een Dyes and Pigments?		(3)	

(d) Discuss why Dyes are colored compounds?

(5)

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0 No.7:	(a) How would you classify pigments and what are the characteristics of a go				
•	pigment?	(3+3=6)			
	(b) Write names and structures of the mono	ners from which each of the following polymers			
	can be prepared	(5)			

can be prepared i) Teflon iv) Dacron

11) Orlon v) Neoprene ill) Nylon 6

(3+3+3=9)

(c) Elaborate the following:

i) Development of Chromatogram

ii) Types of Addition Polymerization

ili) Effect of Doping in Semiconductors.