de la	FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION					
-3 -3	COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2024 FOR RECRUITMENT TO					
POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT						
ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE						
T	IME ALLOWED: THREE HO	DURS	(PART-	I MCQs) MAXIM	IUM MARKS: 20	
P	ART-I (MCQs) : MAXIMUN	A 30 MINUTES	(PART-	II) MAXIM	IUM MARKS: 80	
Ν	OTE: (i) First attempt PART-I	(MCQs) on separ	ate OMR	Answer Sheet wi	nich shall be taken back	
	after 30 minutes.					
	(ii) Overwriting/cutting	of the options/an	swers will	l not be given crea	lit.	
	(iii) There is no negative marking. All MCQs must be attempted.					
PART-I (MCQs)(COMPULSORY)						
Q.1. (i (i	i) Select the best option/answer ai) Answers given anywhere else,	and fill in the appro , other than OMR A	opriate Bo Answer Sh	x on the OMR leet, will not be con	Answer Sheet.(20x1=20) nsidered.	
1.	A wide variety of living organis	sms is called:				
	(A) Biodiversity (B) I	Population	(C)	Habitat	(D) None of these	
2.	What percentage of oxygen and	d carbon dioxide e	xists in the	e ecosystem?		
	(A) 20.95% and 0.004% (B) 2	20.95% and 0.04%	(C)	20.0% and 0.40%	(D) None of these	
3.	The set of ecosystems is called:					
	(A) Atmosphere (B)]	Hvdrosphere	(C)	Biome	(D) None of these	
4.	Acid rain is a result of:		(-)		(_)	
	(A) Excess amount of CO_2		(B)	Excess amount of	NH3	
	(C) Excess amount of SO ₂ and N	NO2	(D)	None of these		
5	The greenhouse effect in the atmosphere is produced due to:					
5.	(A) Absorption and re-emission of infrared radiation by the atmosphere					
	(B) Absorption and re-emission	of ultra violet radia	tion by the	atmosphere		
	(C) Absorption and re-emission	of visible light by t	he atmospl	annosphere	(D) None of these	
6	The result of acid disposition is		ne aunospi		(D) None of these	
0.	(A) Dying forests and lakes (P)	A aid indigastion is	n humana ((C) Graanhousa off	Cast (D) None of these	
7	(A) Dying forests and takes (B)	nmont doog not in	n numans ((C) Oreenhouse en	lect (D) None of these	
7.	Biotic component of the environment does not include:					
0	(A) Micro-organism system	(B) Plant and Ani	mai system	n (C) Soil system	(D) None of these	
8.	Of the following agents, the on	e that would not fa	avor conv	ersion of sulfur die	oxide to sulfate species in	
	the atmosphere is:			0 1 1		
	(A) Ammonia	(B) Water	(C)	Sunlight	(D) None of these	
9.	The pH of the atmosphere is:					
10	(A) Acidic	(B) Basic	(C)	Neutral	(D) None of these	
10.	An association has been found between exposure toby the inhalation route					
	and lung cancer.					
	(A) Lead (Pb)	(B) Chromium	(C)	Barium	(D) None of these	
11.	NEQ was approved on:					
	(A) 1992	(B) 1993	(C)	1995	(D) None of these	
12.	The "Ramsar Convention" is a	an international t	treaty for	the conservatio	n and protection of:	
	(A) Endangered species	(B) Biodiversity	(C)	Wetlands	(D) None of these	
13.	A mutual relationship between	two organisms, w	here both	of them are benefi	itting from watching the	
	other is called:					
	(A) Mutualism	(B) Symbiosis	(C)	Parasitism	(D) None of these	
14.	often serve	as indicator for a t	threatened	l ecosystem.		
	(A) Abundant species (B) 1	Endangered species	(C)	Threatened specie	s (D) None of these	
15.	Mangrove forests in Asia are la	argely concentrate	d in:	1.		
	(A) Pakistan	(B) Indonesia	(C)	Malaysia	(D) None of these	
16.	An individual may die within 2	-10 days after exp	osure to 5	00 ppm of the follo	wing air pollutant:	
101	(A) CO ₂	(B) NO	(C)	SO ₂	(D) None of these	
17	is the	e increasing conce	ntration o	f toxic substances	in organisms as trophic	
1/.	levels increase in a food chain a	or food web		a come substances		
	(Δ) Bio-magnification (D)	Rio-concentration	(\mathbf{C})	Bio-accumulation	(D) None of these	
18	What is the order of weste mar	pagamant hiararch	v from m	ost to losst foxour	(D) None of these	
10. what is the order of waste management hierarchy, from most to least favoured?						
(A) Prevention-Recycle-Reuse-Disposal (B) Prevention-Reuse-Disposal-I (D) Name of these					Disposai-Recycle	
10	(C) Prevention-Reuse-Recycle-D	nsposal	(D)	None of these	J J. 1.1	
19.	which gas produced in open de	umps from the ana	erobic de	composition of bio	degradable waste?	
•	(A) Ethane	(B) Methane	(C)	Propene (D) None of these	
20.	Pakistan is divided into	agro-e	cological z	zones.		
	(A) 8	(B) 10	(C)	12	(D) None of these <u>Page 1 of 2</u>	

PART-II

- **NOTE: (i)** Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.
 - (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
 (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
 - (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
 - (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
 - (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.
- **Q. No. 2.** What is the mechanism of ozone depletion? What chemicals in upper atmosphere (20) are responsible for ozone layer depletion? What are the impacts of ozone layer depletion?
- **Q. No. 3.** What is the difference between an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and an Initial Environmental Examination (IEE)? List and explain the entire EIA process. Where in the project cycle should an EIA be initiated?
- **Q. No. 4.** One of the methods to control pollution problem is introduction of regulatory (20) mechanisms, incentives and fines. In your opinion how can we control the smog problem by using one of those methods? How would you implement a plan at a city level to mitigate the smog problem?
- Q. No. 5. What is green house effect? What is the mechanism of green house effect? Which (20) major air pollutants are responsible for causing global warming? Why is Pakistan considered more vulnerable to the effects of climate change when its contribution is less than 1% in total global GHG emissions?
- **Q. No. 6.** Discuss important components of Pakistan's National Climate Change Policy. (20) What is the impact of 18th amendment on Climate change Policy formulation in Pakistan? How Pakistan can benefit from COP28?
- **Q. No. 7.** What is occupational health safety and management? Provide examples of at least (20) five work places with possible associated exposure risks. How can such exposure risks be minimized/ controlled?
- Q. No. 8. Write short notes on any two of the following: (10 each) (20)
 - a. United Nation Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)
 - **b.** Kyoto Protocol
 - **c.** Eutrophication and its effects

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