

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2025 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

\$00	PUSIS IN BS-1/ UNDER THE F	EDEKAL GOVERNMEN			
	ECONOMICS,	PAPER-I			
ĺ	TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS	(PART-I MCQs) MAXIN		RKS·20	
	PART-I (MCQs) : MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES (PART-II) MAXIMUM MARKS: 80				
	NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back				
	after 30 minutes.				
	(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.				
ļ	(iii) There is no negative marking. All MCQs must be attempted.				
PART-I (MCQs)(COMPULSORY)					
Q.	 (i) Select the best option/answer and fill in the approp (ii) Answers given anywhere else, other than OMR An 			heet.(20x1=20)	
1.	The elasticity of demand for cigarettes by a non-smo	oker is			
	(A) Unitary price elastic (B) Re	elatively price inelastic			
	(C) Perfectly price elastic (D) Pe	erfectly price inelastic			
2.	Which of the following is not a basic assumption of J	perfect competition?			
	(A) Free entry and exit (B) M	lany small sellers and buye	rs		
	(C) Perfect information (D) H	omogenous product			
3.	is unemployment directly related	d to swings in the business	s cycle.		
	(A) Seasonal (B) Frictional	(C) Cyclical	(D) Structural	
4.	Which of the following does not apply to Pareto efficient				
	(A) Consumptive efficiency (B) Productional efficient	ncy (C) Allocative efficient	ency (D) Equity	
5.	The marginal utility of a good refers to the:				
	(A) Total utility of the good prior to consumption of the last unit				
	(B) Extra utility associated with consuming another unit of the good				
	(C) Utility associated with consuming an alternative good				
	(D) Consumer surplus associated with the consumption	on of an alternative good			
6.	Disposable income is:				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	B) Income that is used on	•	1	
_	(C) Personal income remaining after income taxes (D) Exclusive of social security payments or welfare.				
7.	A country that makes large net income payments to investors in another country is likely to:				
	 (A) Have a large GDP than GNP (B) Have smaller GDP than GNP (C) Comparison of the standard standard				
0	(C) Grow slower economically than the other country (D) grow faster economically than the other According to Keynes, the relationship between money supply and rate of interest is:				
8.				a of these	
0	(A) Negative (B) Positive	(C) Indirect	(D) Not	ne of these	
9.	Trade based on absolute advantage was presented b(A) Alfred Marshall(B) Adam Smith	(C) Lionel Robbins	(\mathbf{D}) Not	ne of these	
10.					
10.	The doctrine of comparative advantage says that there are gains from international trade: (A) Only if both comparative and absolute advantage are present in both countries.				
	(A) Only if both comparative and absolute advantage are present in both countries.(B) If opportunity costs are the same in the countries involved.				
	(C) Only there are economies of scale available.	nvorved.			
	(D) If countries specialize in the production of goods in	n which they are relatively	more effic	ient	
11	The Human Development Index (HDI) ranks all cou			ient.	
	-	C) -1 to $+1$	(D) Not	ne of these	
12.	Monopolistic Competition is different from Perfect	/	(D) 1001		
12.	(A) The large number of firms in the industry; (B) The lack of barriers to the entry and exit of firms;				
	(C) The differentiation of the product; (D) The lower level of price competition in Monopolistic Competition				
13	The account in balance of payment that consists of all transactions in financial assets is known as:				
10.	(A) Capital account (B) Current account (C) Of			ne of these	
14	LM curve represents:				
		B) Budget balance			
		D) None of these			
15.	Classical economics is the:				
1	(A) Supply side economics (B) Demand side economics	mics (C) Both (A) & (B)	(D) No	ne of these	
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ECONOMICS, PAPER-I

16. Which of the following is not a component of GDP?

- (A) Consumption by households (B) Investment by firms
- (C) Public Spendings (D Rate of unemployment
- 17. The relationship between inflation and unemployment is represented by:
- (A) Okun's law (B) Philips curve

18. Increase in supply of money will positively affect:

(A) Economic growth of the country

(C) Labour force participation rate

- (B) Rate of unemployment
 - (D) Rate of inflation

(C) Say's law

19. Automatic stabilizers are one of the _____ policy tools.(A) Monetary(B) Trade(C) Fiscal

20. The World Bank classifies countries into four groups. This classification is based upon:

- (A) Economic growth rate
- (C) Unemployment rate

- (B) Labour force participation rate
- (D) Gross National Income per capita

PART-II

NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.

- (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.
- (iii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different places.
- (iv) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.
- (v) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed.
- (vi) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.
- Q. No. 2. How can a consumer attain equilibrium under ordinal approach? Also explain the effects (20) of changing income and prices on consumer's equilibrium in case of normal and inferior commodities.
- Q. No. 3. What are the different stages of production? Explain in the light of law of variable (20) proportions using schedule and diagrams.
- Q. No. 4. Explain circular flow of national income in two sector, three sector & four sector (20) economy. Discuss the methods by which national income can be measured. Also explain advantages & shortcomings of each method.
- Q. No. 5. Explain quantity theory of money (QTM) and elaborate significant ingredients for (20) effective monetary policy to accelerate economic growth in developing countries.
- Q. No. 6. Elaborate different canons of taxation. How these canons can be used optimally? (20) Suggest some policy options to maximize tax revenue in a developing country like Pakistan.
- Q. No. 7. Differentiate between economic growth and economic development by discussing (20) traditional and modern measures of growth/development.
- Q. No. 8.Write short notes on any FOUR of the following:(5 each)(20)a. Accelerator Principleb. Price Discriminationc. Balance of Payments
 - **d.** Human Development Index
 - e. Public VS Private Goods

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(D) U shape curve

- (D) Investment
 - a

funemployment